

INFRARISK Newsletter No 1 July 2014

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1 Editorial

Dear readers,

We are pleased to present you the first the media. newsletter of the INFRARISK project. The newsletter will share information about the progress, achievements, and activities related to the development of novel indicators for identifying critical infrastructure at risk from natural hazards.

This first issue of the **INFRARISK** newsletter presents an introductory interview with our coordinator E. O'Brien and members of the Consortium.

In subsequent sections of this first newsletter, we will introduce the project and its objectives, current activities and progress.

The newsletter ends with an overview of project outputs and publications.

Please feel invited to visit our website, which gives further details on the INFRARISK project. Via the website you will be able to access further details and more in-depth information about project results, materials, publications and all finalized public deliverables.

The newsletter will be distributed through our network that reaches a broad target audience including critical infrastructure practitioners, researchers, policy-makers and

However, we always appreciate it if you forward our newsletter to interested colleagues. If you do not yet receive our newsletter automatically and are interested, visit our home-page infrarisk-fp7.eu where you can subscribe.

The newsletter will be used as communication tool for dissemination progress and results of INFRARISK to interested parties to keep them informed of all planned activities and recent news.

We hope you enjoy reading the newsletter and find the information provided interesting!

The INFRARISK Team

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2 Interview with INFRARISK coordinator Prof. E. O' Brien and members of the Consortium

Interviewer: Why is INFRARISK necessary to achieve the European Union targets regarding energy and socio-economic sustainability?

The achievements of the European Union targets are highly dependent on the way risks and vulnerabilities of European operating infrastructure networks and critical assets are minimized against natural extreme events. In Europe, extreme events are not frequent but just one in any part of Europe can have a devastating impact in our critical infrastructure systems due to the complex interdependencies.

INFRARISK will develop reliable stress tests on European Critical Infrastructure. Does this mean that current stress tests are not reliable or that we need to harmonize them in the EU? INFRARISK will develop new stress tests methodologies for critical infrastructure. We intend to investigate how the network will respond to a extreme loading, which is the principle of stress tests. We increase the load on the system and we will investigate how the system will behave and fail given a extreme load. We also intend to harmonize different stress tests that are now applied by the different European countries individually.

What kind of critical infrastructures are evaluated in the project?

We are focusing on transportation infrastructure, such as the TEN-T, the Trans-European road and rail infrastructure.

INFRARISK will lead to better protection of existing infrastructure while achieving more robust strategies for the development of new ones.

What kind of rare events or low probability extreme events are considered in INFRARISK?
We will consider extreme natural hazard events such as earthquakes, landslides, and flooding.



INFRARISK project coordinator Prof. O'Brien is Director and Chairman of the Board of Roughan & O' Donovan's Innovative Solutions Subsidiary (ROD/RODIS).

These events have threatened and damaged many different regions worldwide and across Europe.

Are rare events related with climate change and is climate change considered in this project?

Many of the events identified have triggers linked to climate, e.g. flooding causing damage to coastal cities, heavy rainfall causing landslides, etc.

The potential for climate change to increase the frequency of triggering events will be considered. For critical infrastructure in Europe, we will identify the risks posed by natural hazard events considering the geographical correlation between elements of critical infrastructure and extreme natural hazard events and estimate possible effects of climate change on the occurrence of natural hazards.

INFRARISK takes into account very different aspects related with natural hazards and its

impact on infrastructure. Which is the scientific background of the members of the consortium?

We are a multidisciplinary team of engineers, mathematicians, physicists, and social anthropologists. Working together we can quantify risk and we can plan mitigation methods.

How will you perform simulations of the consequences of a natural disaster on a critical infrastructure?

Using our methodologies, we will be able to model, and to show on a screen, for example, both the landscape surrounding a road network including the slopes of the land and the type of vegetation, and the objects in the road network, such as the open road sections and the bridges. Then, by simulating rainfall, we will be able to model how the water moves across the land into rivers, how the water levels will rise in the rivers around bridges and the forces to which the bridges or the soil around the bridges will be subjected. Using this information, we will then be able to predict what will happen to the infrastructure, which parts will fail, and any knock-on effects, such as those related to traffic disruption, until the infrastructure is restored.

Such 'What-if' scenarios will help us to establish the infrastructure related risks due to natural hazards, and help those who need to deal with these situations understand the possibilities to reduce these risks.

Will the final results of this project give us information on how to build our critical infrastructures in the future? Thanks to the new tests to be developed, could we detect that maybe some critical infrastructures should be strengthened?

This methodology is going to allow infrastructure managers to evaluate their initial concept, and then carry out tests on different ways they can strength it or build it differently so the risk can be minimized.



INFRA<mark>RISK</mark> 6M Progress Meeting at UCL in London

Will the information and outcomes of INFRARISK be available for professionals and managers of critical infrastructures?

We will deliver a collaborative integrated platform where risk management professionals access and share data, information and risk scenario results efficiently and intuitively.

INFRARISK will also formulate a training programme and further educational course to make the results of the project available for relevant organizations and authorities working in the area of the critical infrastructures.

How can next generation benefit from the results of this project?

We will develop an operational framework with cascading hazards, cascading impacts and dependent geospatial vulnerabilities. This framework will be a central driver to practical software tools and guidelines that provide greater support to the next generation of European Critical Infrastructure managers to analyze and handle extreme event scenarios. The minimization of the impact of such events by the supporting tools shall establish optimum mitigation measures and rapid response.

3 The INFRARISK project

The significant social and economic losses in Europe as a result of natural disasters require effective disaster risk reduction and adaptation policies. Despite considerable efforts made hitherto on increasing knowledge on natural hazards and on vulnerability assessment in recent decades, human and economic losses due to disasters continue to increase and the risk from natural hazards is projected in the future to further increase in many regions due to a series of processes. Among these, an on-going concentration of human activities in risk-prone areas, the projected effects of climate change, and an ageing infrastructure network.

The objective of **INFRARISK** is to develop reliable stress tests to establish the resilience of European Critical Infrastructures (CI) to rare low frequency extreme events, thus contributing to the decision making process on how to build safer in the future.

INFRARISK will focus on road and rail infrastructure in Europe enabling Infrastructure managers to minimise the impact of extreme events by providing them with the necessary tools to develop robust mitigation and response strategies.

4 Current Progress

4.1 Timeline

October 2013	Start of INFRARISK project
03 - 04 October 2013	Kick-Off Meeting held in Dublin at the offices of the project
	coordinator, Roughan & O' Donovan
12 November 2013	WP Leaders/Model Workshop at University College London
02 - 03 December 2013	General Morphological Analysis (GMA) Workshop No.1 in Dublin at
	the offices of the project coordinator, Roughan & O' Donovan
26 - 27 February 2014	General Morphological Analysis Workshop No.2 in Dublin at the
	offices of the project coordinator, Roughan & O' Donovan
19 March 2014	Advisory Board Meeting No.1 in Dublin at the offices of the project
	coordinator, Roughan & O' Donovan
26 - 27 March 2014	Six Month Progress Meeting at University College London
29 April 2014	INFRARSK website went online
April - June 2014	Harmonisation Workshops hosted at ETHZ in Zurich (Three separate
	workshops to facilitate the development of the overarching
	methodology and the INFRARISK Decision Support Tool (IDST)
May 2014	Detailed Dissemination Plan
30 June 2014	Case Studies Workshop hosted at ETHZ in Zürich

4.2 INFRARISK dissemination

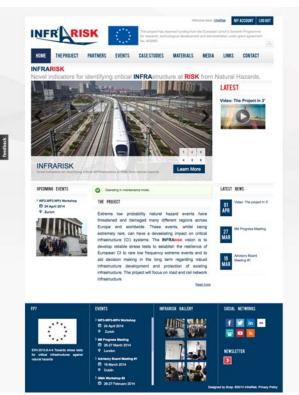
Since the project began in October 2013 a detailed Dissemination and Communication Plan, the project's corporate identity, a website, and dissemination materials such as the video "The project in 3'" and a project brochure have been developed with an on-going effort on all dissemination aspects.

The INFRARISK website incorporates all public information created by the Project. The dissemination team regularly posts the latest news, highlights, etc., promoting the activities and results of the project and hosting audiovisual materials.

Visit the website: www.infrarisk-fp7.eu

Follow on Twitter: @InfraRisk

Sign-up to receive the newsletter: info@infrarisk-fp7.eu



Screenshot INFRARISK website

4.3 Project Management

INFRARISK organized its Kick-off meeting on the 3rd-4th October 2013 in Dublin at the offices of Roughan & O' Donovan. Twenty one persons, representing the eleven partners in the consortium attended the meeting. During the meeting administrative and management aspects of the project were discussed and an overview of each work package was presented by the work package leaders. On the second day, the meeting centred on round table discussions of the technical aspects of each work package, including a presentation on the General Morphological Analysis (GMA) method.

The 6M progress meeting on the 26th-27th March 2014 took place at University College London. WP leaders presented an update on

their progress and this was followed by open discussions among all partners on the material presented.



Kick-off meeting in Dublin, 03-04 October 2014

5 Project outputs and publications

5.1 Public project reports and INFRARISK publications

INFRARISK (2014) *D1.1 Gender Survey*Mark Tucker
Roughan & O'Donovan Limited (ROD)
http://www.infrarisk-fp7.eu/deliverables

INFRARISK (2014) *D1.2 Meetings with the Advisory Board*Mark Tucker
Roughan & O'Donovan Limited (ROD)
http://www.infrarisk-fp7.eu/deliverables

INFRARISK (2014) *D1.3 Meetings of the Steering Committee* Mark Tucker
Roughan & O'Donovan Limited (ROD)
http://www.infrarisk-fp7.eu/deliverables

INFRARISK (2014) *D4.1 Preliminary Model, Methodology and Information Exchange* Bryan Adey, Jürgen Hackl, Magnus Heitzler and Ionut Iosifescu Eidgenössische Technische Hochschule Zürich (ETHZ) http://www.infrarisk-fp7.eu/deliverables

INFRARISK (2014) *D6.1 Stress Test Methodologies* Yuliya Avdeeva and Pieter van Gelder Probabilistic Solutions Consult and Training BV (PSCT) http://www.infrarisk-fp7.eu/deliverables

INFRARISK (2014) *D8.1 Critical Infrastructure Case Studies*Mairead Ni Choine and Karlo Martinovic
Roughan & O' Donovan Limited (ROD) /Gavin Doherty Geo Solutions (GDG) http://www.infrarisk-fp7.eu/deliverables

5.2 References in articles

Disaster tests for grids, dams and power plants?

Rex Merrifield

HORIZON, The EU Research & Innovation Magazine,

28 March 2014

http://horizon-magazine.eu/article/disaster-tests-grids-dams-and-power-plants en.html

5.3 Contributions to Conferences (abstracts, posters)

M. Tucker (2014) "Novel indicators for identifying critical INFRAstructure at RISK from natural hazards"

Session: reFINE: research for Future Infrastructure Networks in Europe

ECTP-E2BA CONFERENCE, BRUSSELS, 17-19 June 2014

http://www.infrarisk-fp7.eu/ material-conference-abstracts

E. O'Brien, K. Gavin, D. D'Ayala, B. Adey, T. Cheng, P. van Gelder, Z. Sabeur, A. O'Connor and M.J. Jimenez (2014) "Novel Indicators for Identifying Critical Infrastructure at Risk from Natural Hazards" 5th International Disaster and Risk Conference, IDRC, Davos, Switzerland, August 24-28, 2014 http://www.infrarisk-fp7.eu/material-conference-abstracts

E. O'Brien and INFRARISK Consortium (2014) "Novel Indicators for Identifying Critical Infrastructure at Risk from Natural Hazards"

2nd European Conference on Earthquake Engineering and Seismology, 24-29 August 2014, Istanbul, Turkey.

http://www.infrarisk-fp7.eu/material-conference-abstracts

P. Gehl, K. Taaleb, D. D'Ayala and T. Cheng (2014) "Developing fragility functions for Roadway bridges using system reliability and support vector machine"

2nd European Conference on Earthquake Engineering and Seismology, 24-29 August 2014, Istanbul, Turkey.

http://www.infrarisk-fp7.eu/material-conference-abstracts

5.4 INFRARISK Brochure

INFRARISK (2014) *Brochure 1*M.J. Jimenez & M. Garcia-Fernández (CSIC)
http://www.infrarisk-fp7.eu/materials-brochure

6 INFRARISK key facts

Project acronym: INFRARISK

Project full title: "Novel Indicators for identifying critical INFRAstructure at RISK from natural

hazards

Project duration: 03.10.2013 – 02.10.2016

FP7 Grant Agreement no.: 603960

Participating countries: Ireland, Switzerland, Spain, United Kingdom, The Netherlands, Norway,

Sweden

6 INFRARISK partners

























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